#### **6-5-Present Perfect Tense**

It is an event which is completed at an indefinite time before another time.

#### Pattern:

S+has (sing)or have(Plural)+P.P(v+ed or en)

### Adverbs(just, already and yet) are used in this pattern.

S+has or have+just or already+P.P+Com

S+has or have+P.P+yet

### Examples:

- (a)-I have just finished my study.
- (b)-I have already finished my study.
- (c)-He has not found my watch yet.

#### **6-6- Present Perfect Continuous Tenses**

Present perfect continuous tense is used to show that an action began in the past and is still going on at present.

#### Pattern:

S+has or have+been+V+ing+Com

# Example:

-He has been finishing my study(temporary: He is still studying and never finish it).

# It expresses a past activity that has caused a present result.

### Examples:

- (a)I have been working all day(I'm tired now).
- (b) Have you been crying (your eyes are red).

We do not use *the state verbs* or *sensitive verbs* with this tense, rather we use the present perfect tense.

### Examples:

- (a)I have loved sunny day(Correct).
- -I have been loving sunny day(Incorrect).
- (b)I have had this book for ages(Correct).
- -I have been having this book for ages(Incorrect).

#### Exercise 11

Put the word in brackets in the correct present perfect or present perfect continuous tenses:

- 1-We( wait) for you for half an hour.
- 2-You ever (hear) such a musing story.
- 3-The bell(not ring)yet.
- 4-My mother is at home. She just(arrive).
- 5-It (rain) since yesterday.

#### 6-7-Past Perfect tense

A perfective tense refers to an action in the past that was completed before another action in the past.

#### Pattern:

S+had+P.P

## It is used to express the following:

6-7-1-When two or more actions happened in the past, the first action becomes in the simple to refer to that action happened before another action.

#### Example:

-When I got to the party, I found that someone had broken into my apartment and had stolen my DVD player.

**6-7-2-**It is used with the conjunctures *before* and *after* when two actions are not happened in the same tense.

#### Pattern:

After +Perfect+Simple

Before+Simple+Perfect

## Examples:

- (a)-After he had got the passport, he left for London.
- (b)-Before he left to London, he had got the passport.

The past perfect is also used with just ,already and yet.

# Example:

-I had already eaten my dinner when he called (First I ate my dinner, then he called).

## Difference:

(a)-When I got to the party, Layla went home.

{happened in the same time(First I arrived home ,then Layla left)}.

(b)-When I got to the party, Layla had gone home

(She left before I came).

### Exercise 12

# Put the verbs in the brackets in the correct present and past perfect tenses:

- 1-The plane for Lebanon just(take)off.
- 2-After I(have)my dinner yesterday evening, I watched TV.
- 3-When Zaki went to the College late, Layla (leave)

Home.

4-I(not see)you since Monday.